

EVALUATION OF VARIABLE PUMPING RATES AS A MEANS TO REDUCE ENTRAINMENT MORTALITIES

John Young
William Dey
Steven Jinks

Martin Daley
John Carnright

Compliance Requirement of Proposed Regulations

- Existing Station
- Tidal Estuary
 - Reduce Entrainment by 60%-90%
- Ancillary Issues
 - Calculation Baseline
 - Entrainment Survival

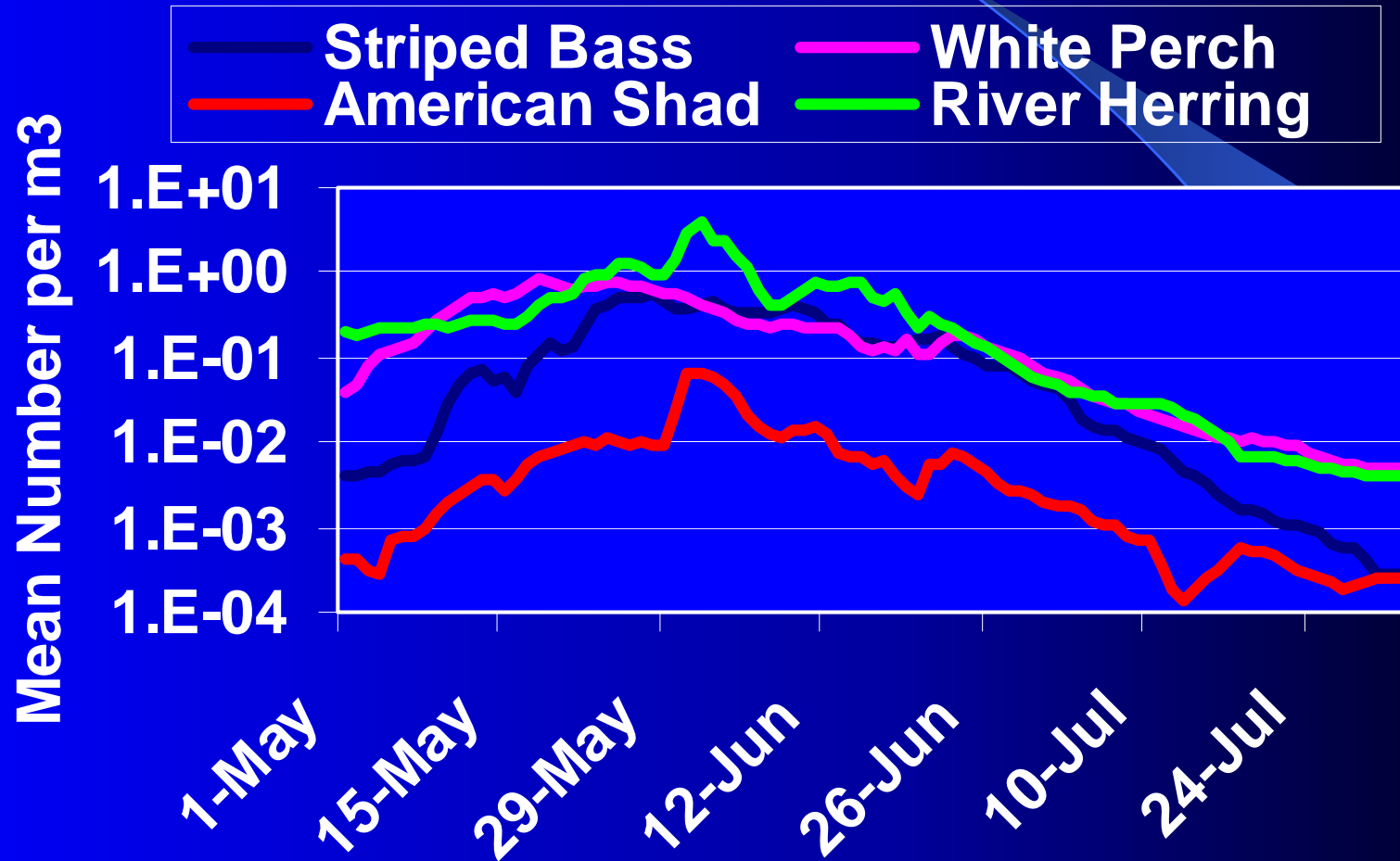
Roseton Generating Station



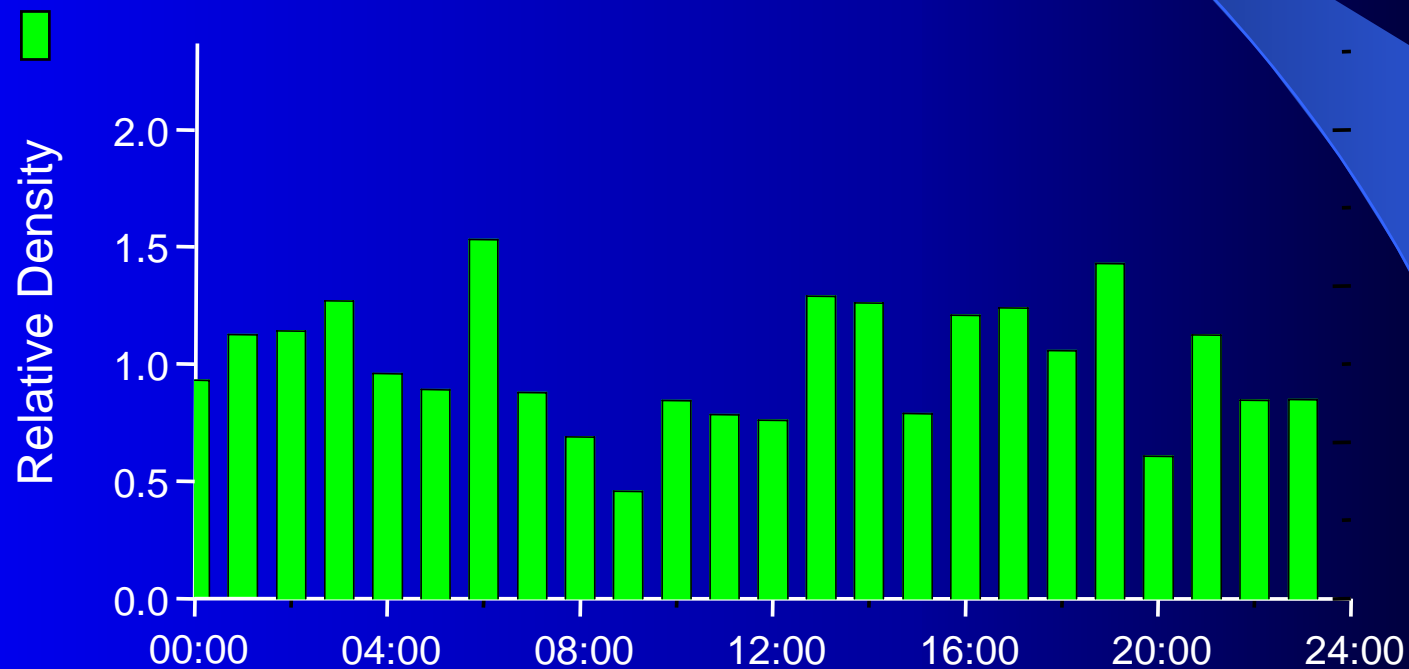
Information Available

- Entrainment Abundance Data
 - 1983-1987; May-July
 - 1-7 days/week, 24 1-hour samples
 - Pump samples from discharge
- Entrainment Survival Data
 - 1976-1980
 - Evolving gear and methods
- Plant Operation Patterns
 - 1999-2001, hourly
 - MW, Flows, Temperatures

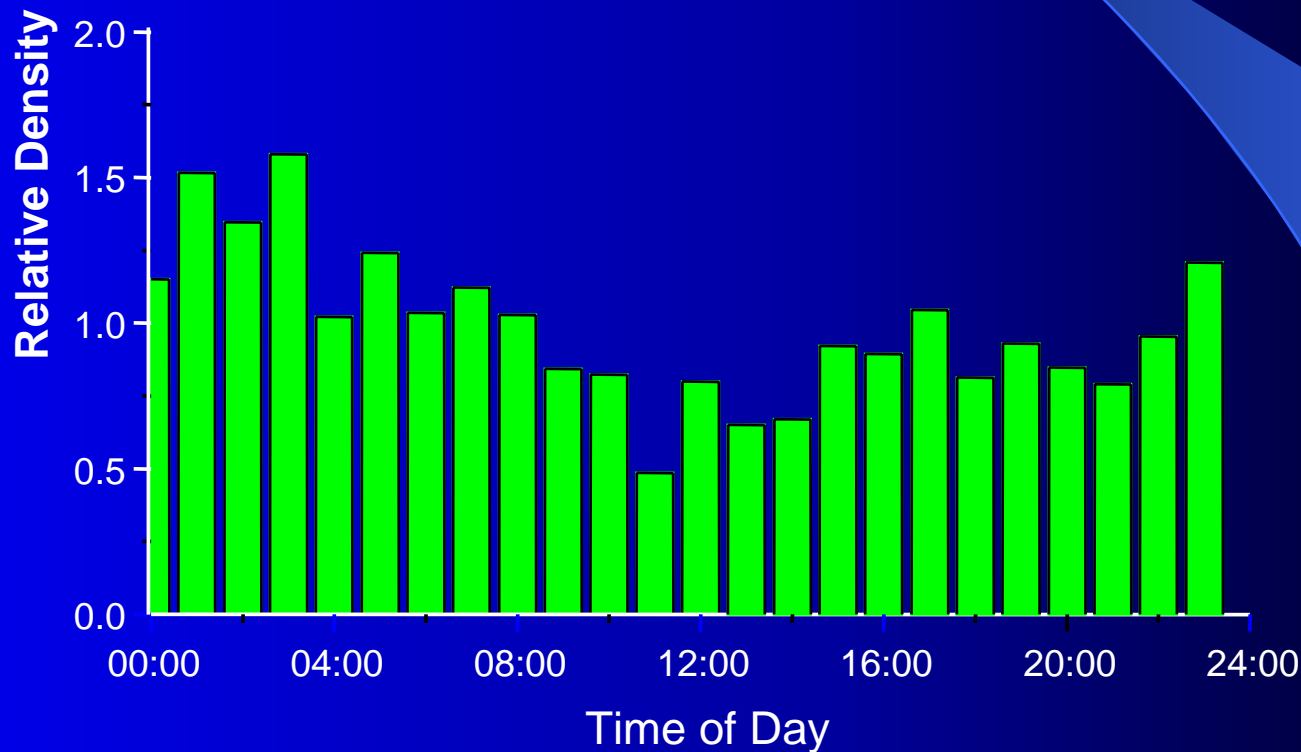
Seasonal Pattern of Entrainment



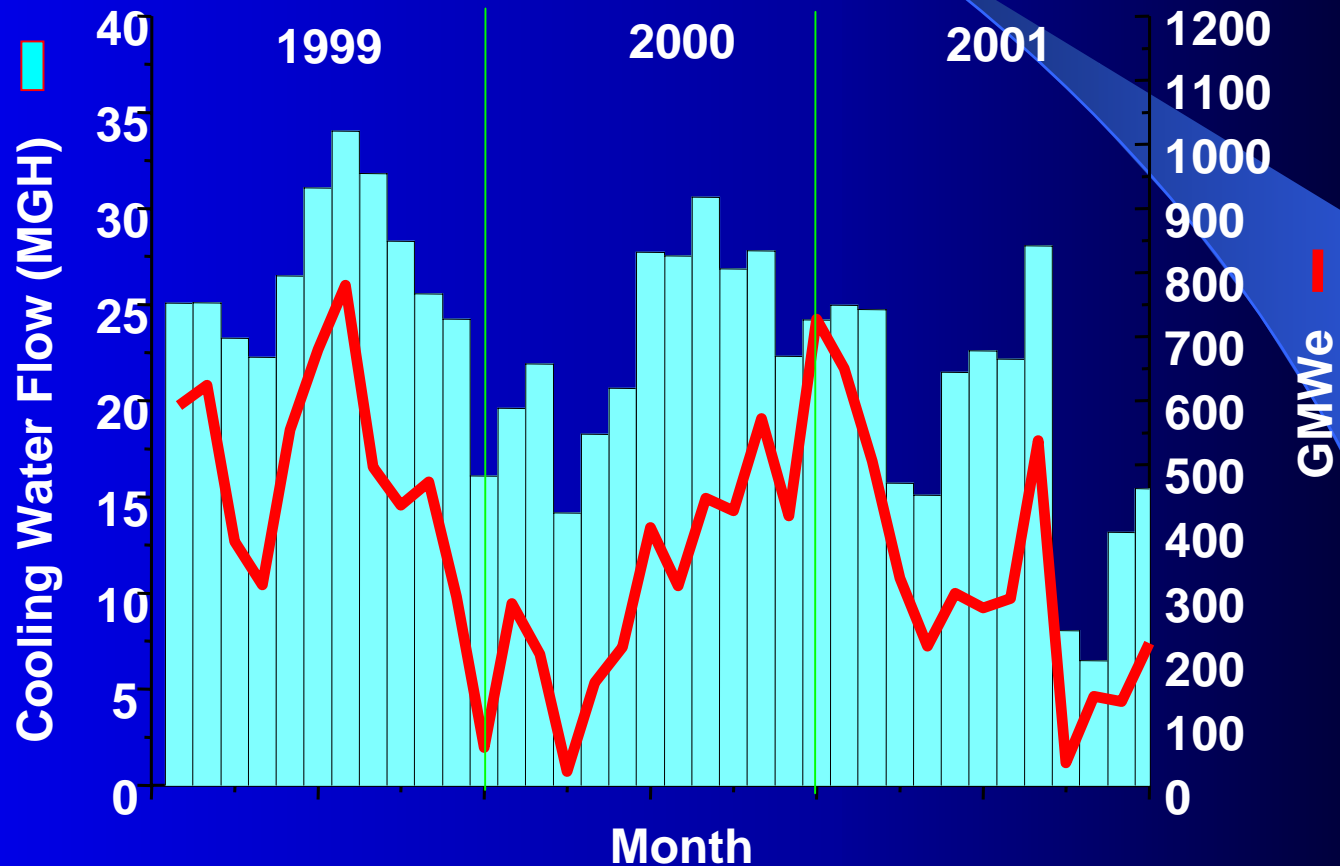
Daily Pattern of Entrainment Striped Bass YSL



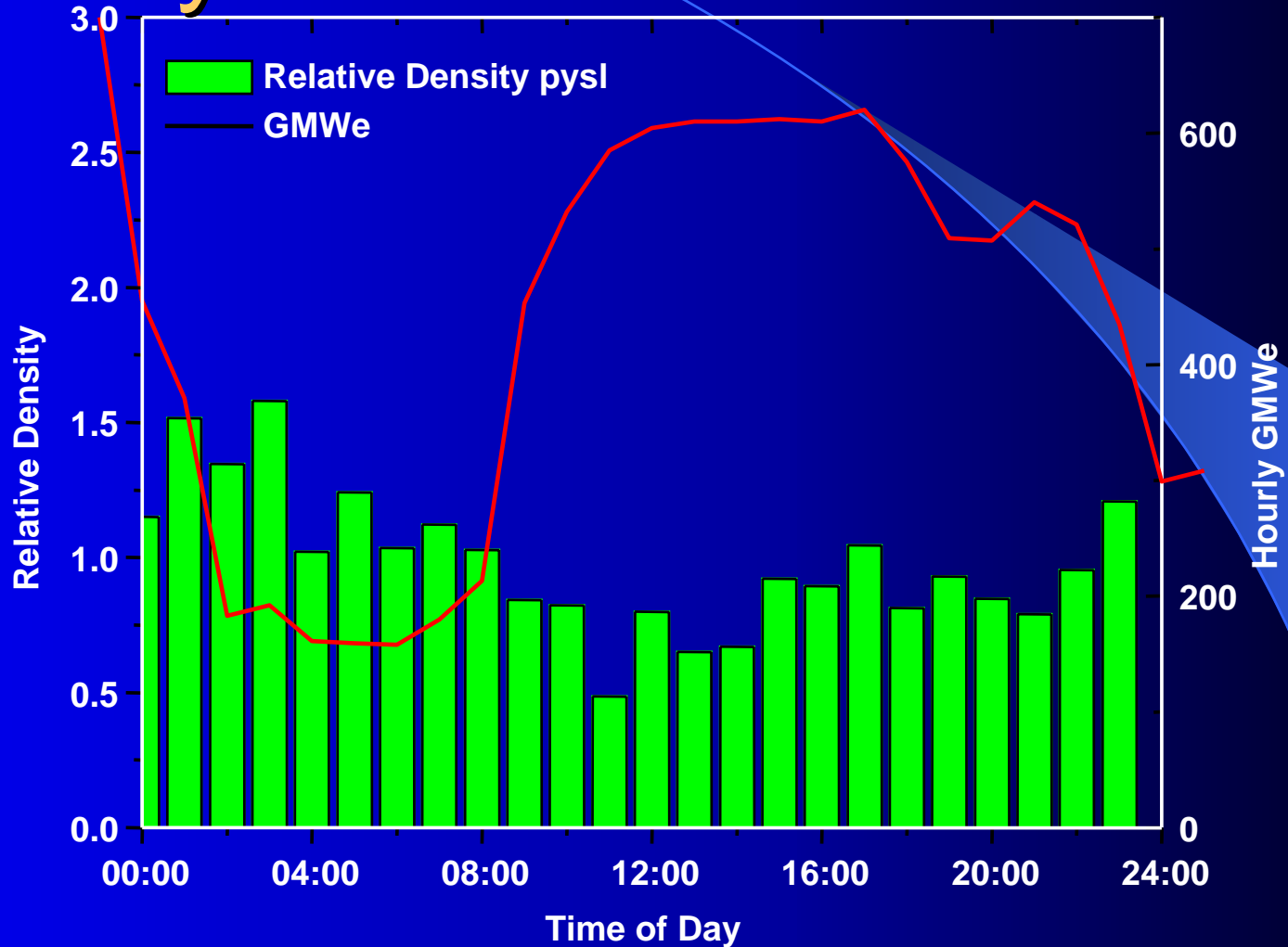
Daily Pattern of Entrainment Striped Bass PYSL



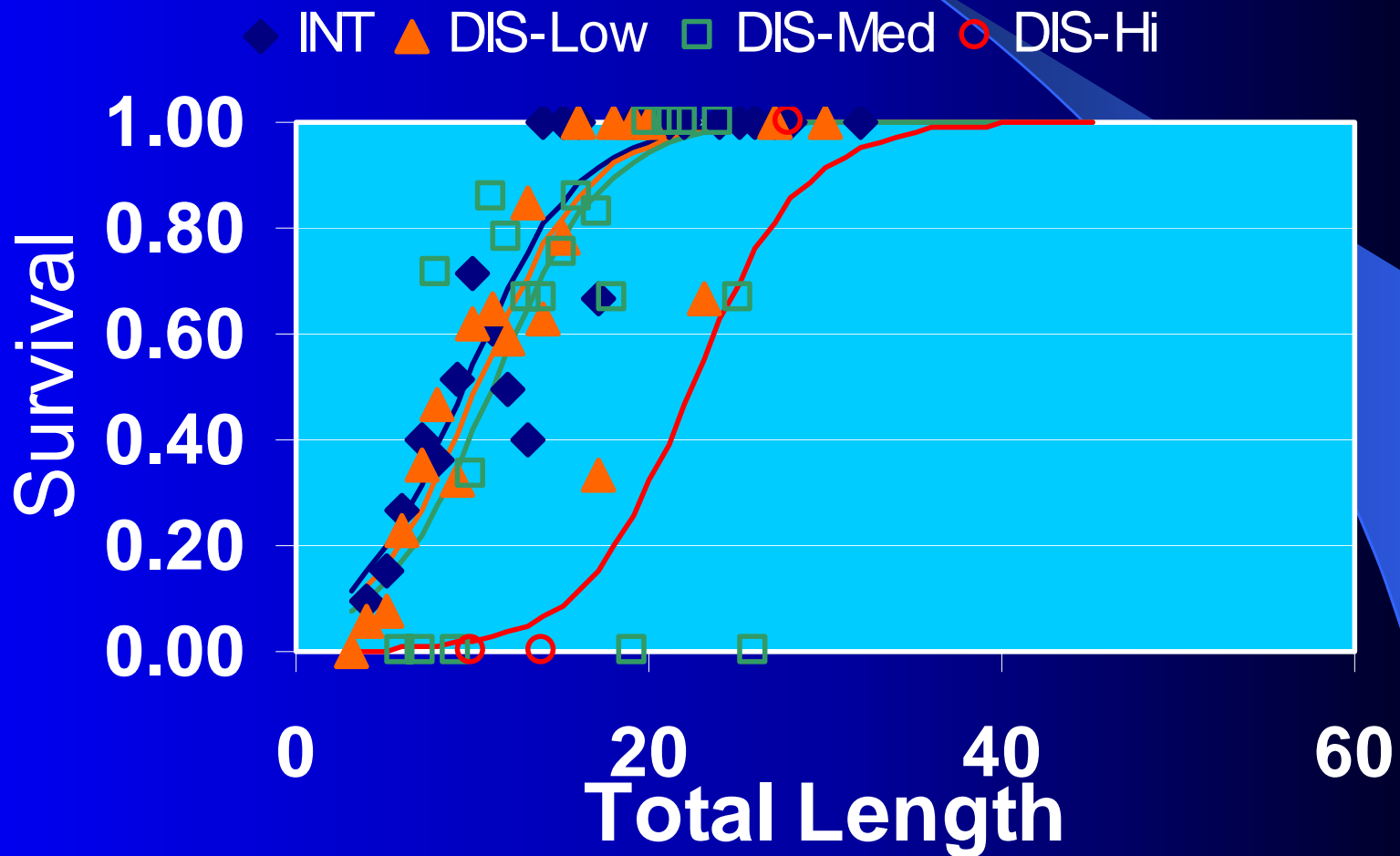
Annual Patterns of Flow and Generation



Daily Pattern of Generation



Entrainment Survival



Strategy for Compliance: Match Flow to Generation on Hourly Time Scale

- Rapid response of plant operations to varying generation
- Capability for fine-scale flow control
 - Pump On-off
 - Variable-speed pumps
- Operational rules
 - Minimum flows
 - Maximum discharge temperatures
 - Maximum ΔT

Operating Rules

- Use minimum flow necessary to
 - Discharge temperature below target: 20-40C
 - ΔT below maximum: 15-30C
 - Flow at or above set minimum: 34% of Full
- If target discharge temperature exceeded
 - ΔT below maximum

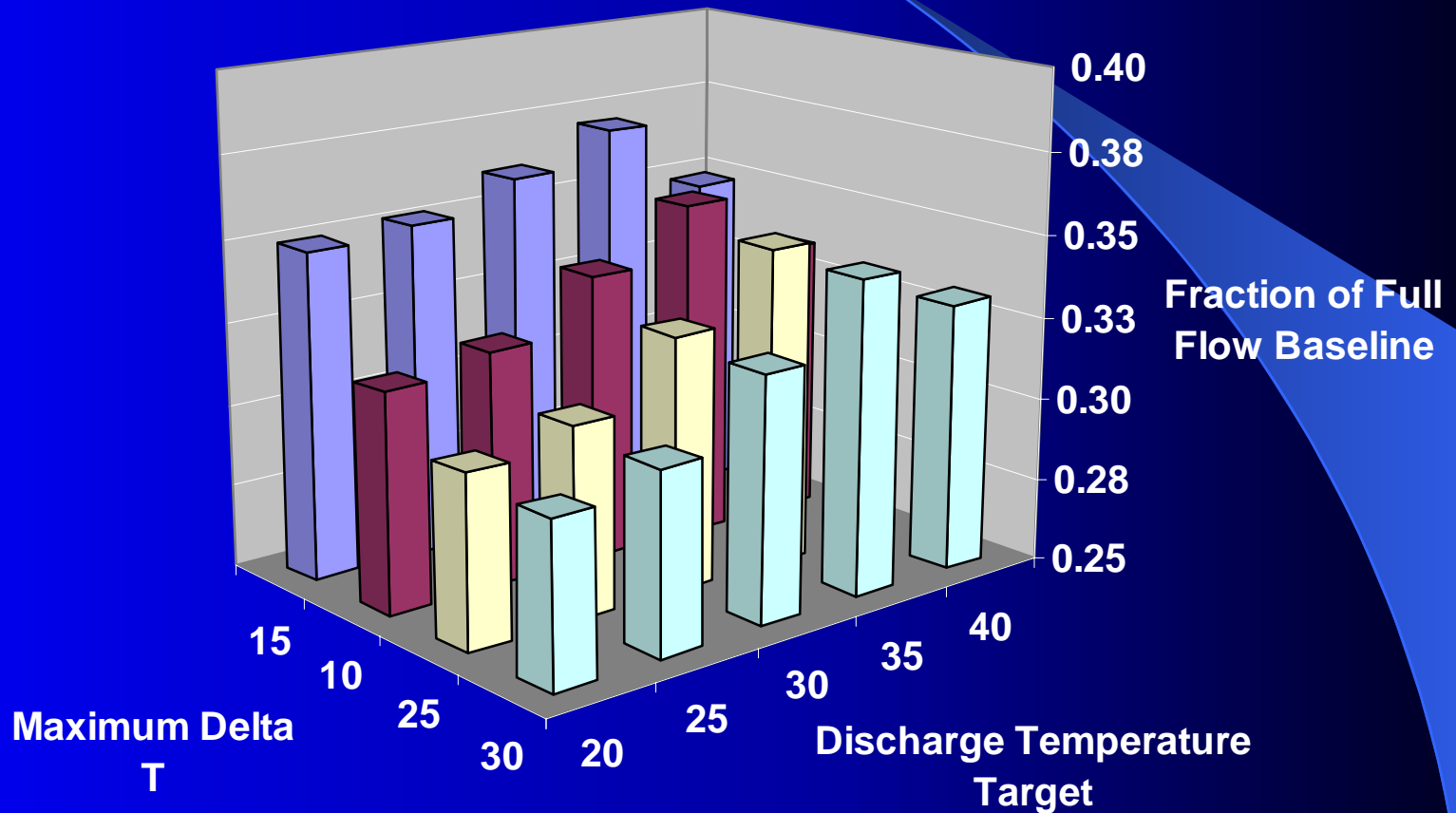
Calculation Baseline

- Initial EPA Proposal
 - Full flow year-round
 - Full operation
 - 100% Mortality
- NODA
 - Past operational practices
 - Seasonally reduced flows
 - 100% Mortality

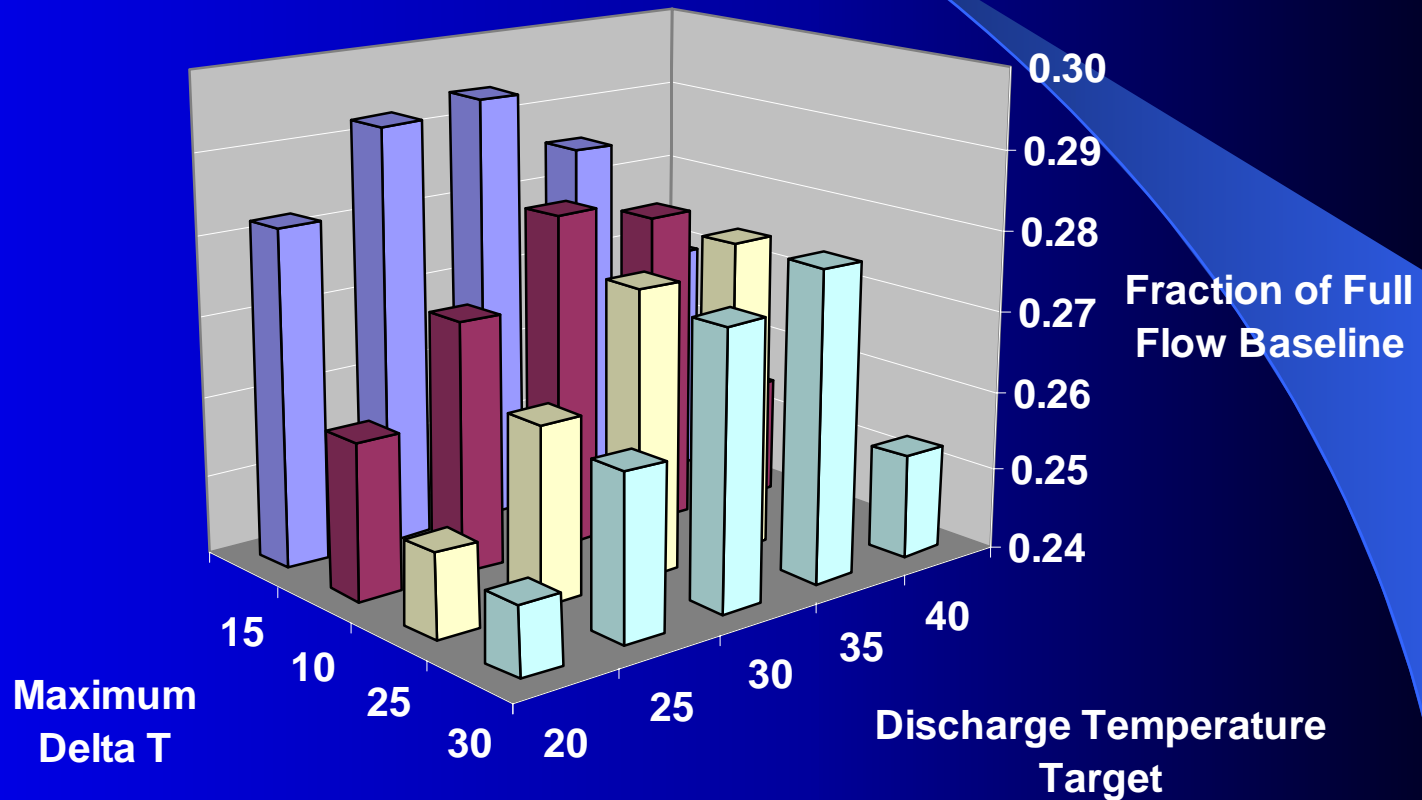
Analysis Process

- Define hourly Flow and Discharge Temp
 - Historical generation, ambient temperature
 - Operating rules
- Determine numbers entrained
 - Flow and historical density pattern
- Determine numbers killed
 - Size, mechanical and thermal mortality
- Compare annual total numbers to baseline

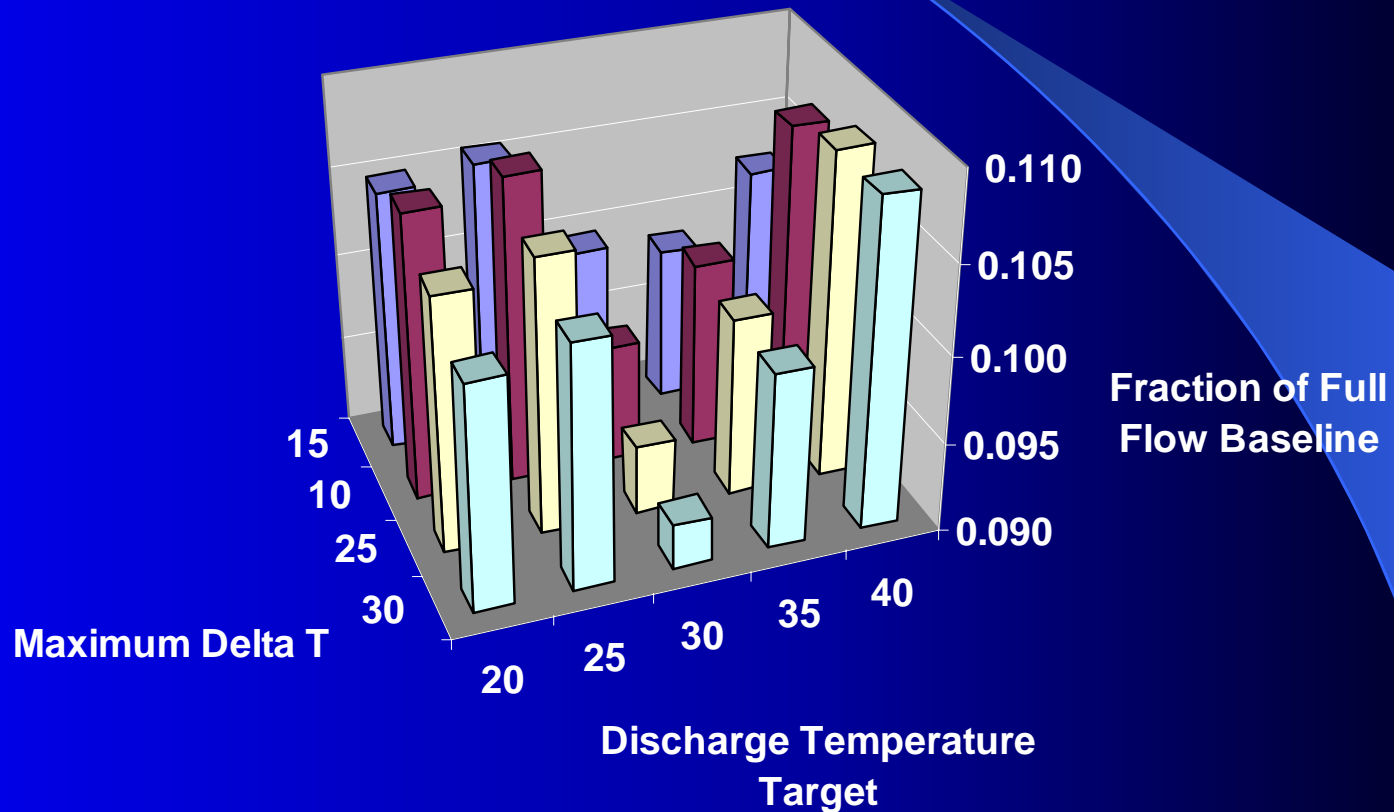
Reduction in Flow



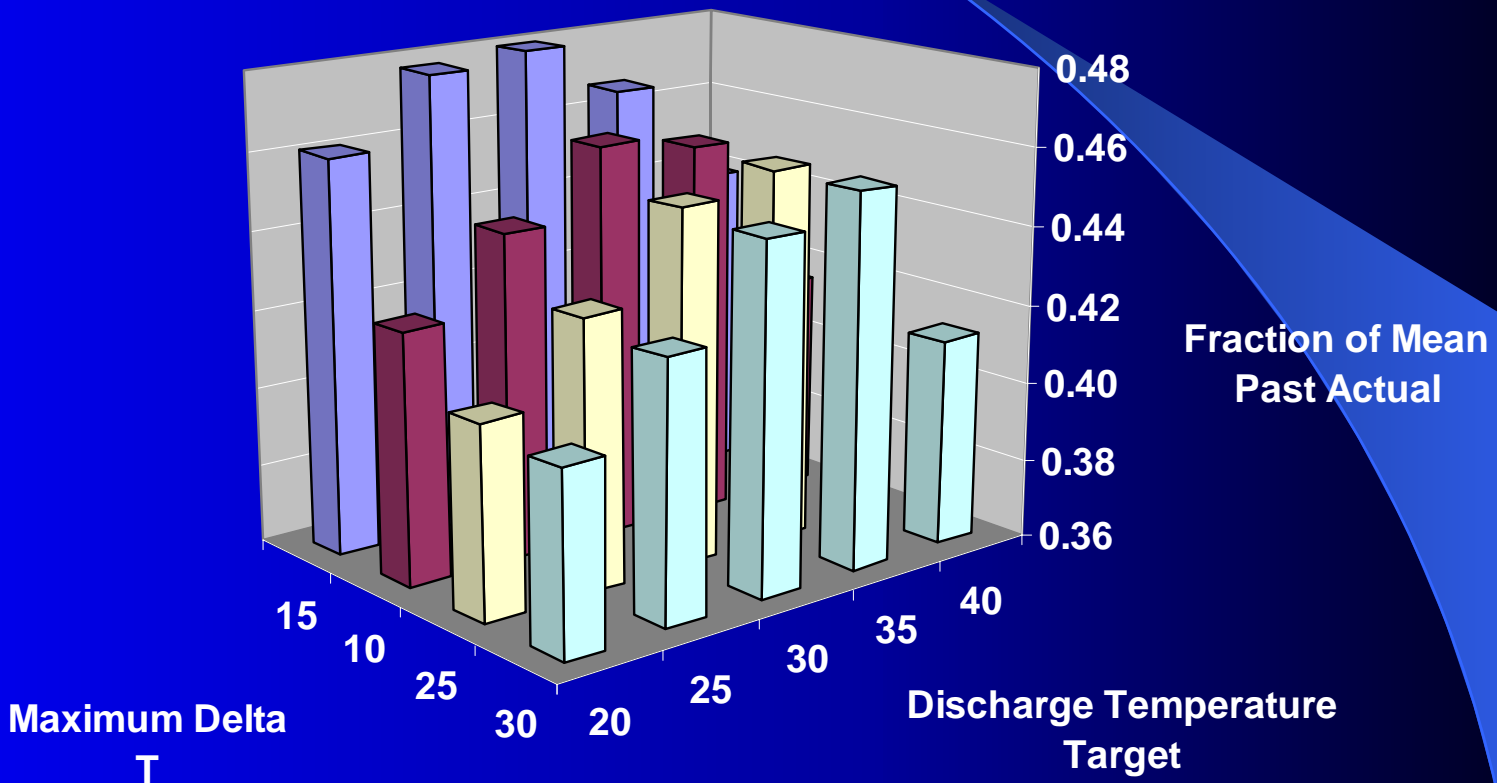
Reduction of Number Entrained



Reduction in Number Killed



Effect of Alternate Baseline Number Entrained



Conclusions

- Variable pumping rates can achieve significant entrainment reductions
 - Peaking plants
 - Diel abundance pattern counter to generation
 - Hardy species with demonstrable survival
- Wide range of Operating rules
 - Performance analysis necessary
 - Compliance of discharge with thermal criteria
- Critical Issues
 - Definition of Baseline
 - Entrainment Survival